

Economic Update

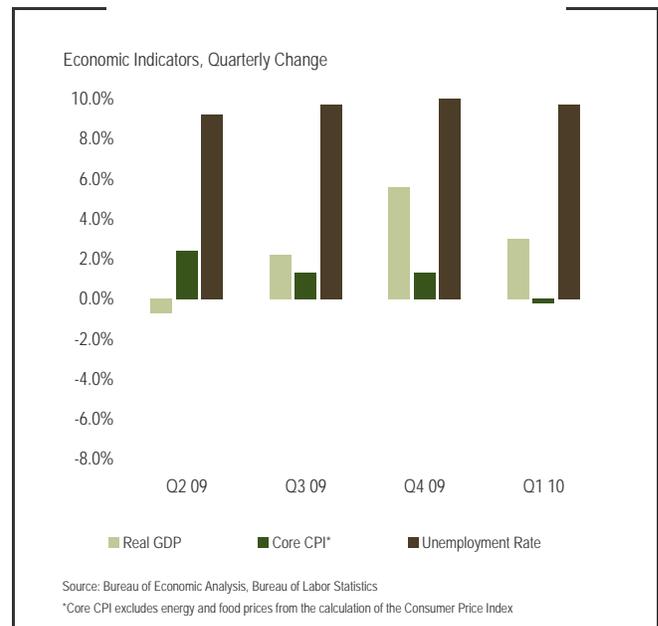
The Conference Board reported that its Leading Economic Index increased in May, suggesting continued, albeit slower, growth this year. While advances in the index have decelerated in recent months, Ataman Ozyildirim of The Conference Board noted that it is considerably above its most recent peak in December 2006.

Data released this week continued to indicate easing inflationary pressures. The Producer Price Index (PPI) declined at a seasonally adjusted rate of 0.3% in May. The Labor Department announced that prices for crude, or input, goods fell 2.8% in May, while prices for intermediate goods increased 0.4%. Increases in annual prices for finished goods have decelerated each of the last three months. The Consumer Price Index decreased as well in May, falling 0.2%. Excluding food and energy, consumer prices remained flat for the second consecutive month. Meanwhile, U.S. import prices decreased 0.6% in May, as shown by the U.S. Import Price Index. The Bureau of Labor Statistics reported that the decline resulted as lower fuel prices outweighed an increase in the price of non-fuel import prices. Prices for U.S. exports increased 0.7% in May after climbing 1.2% in April and 0.7% in March. Increases in both non-agricultural prices and agricultural prices contributed to the rising prices.

The National Association of Home Builders (NAHB)/Wells Fargo Housing Market Index (HMI) indicated that builder confidence has slipped this month, following two consecutive monthly gains. NAHB Chairman Bob Jones noted while the retreat was expected, "the reduction in consumer activity may have been more dramatic than some builders had anticipated, which resulted in their lower confidence levels." Housing starts in May declined 10% from April to a seasonally adjusted annual rate of 593,000, according to the Commerce Department. This rate is 7.8% above starts in May 2009.

On Wednesday, the Federal Reserve announced that industrial production increased 1.2% in May, following a 0.7% advance in April. Manufacturing output rose for the third consecutive month, up 0.9% from April and 7.9% from May 2009.

Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, Federal Reserve Banks, U.S. Department of Labor, U.S. Department of Commerce, The Conference Board, the National Association of Home Builders.



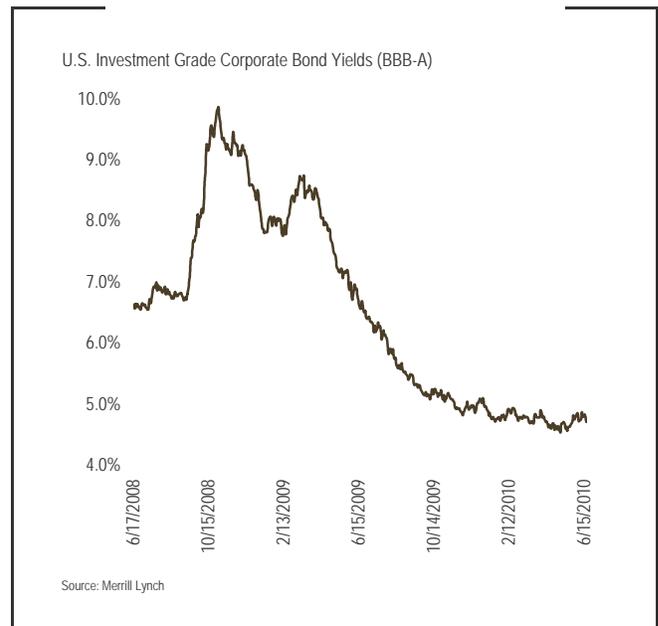
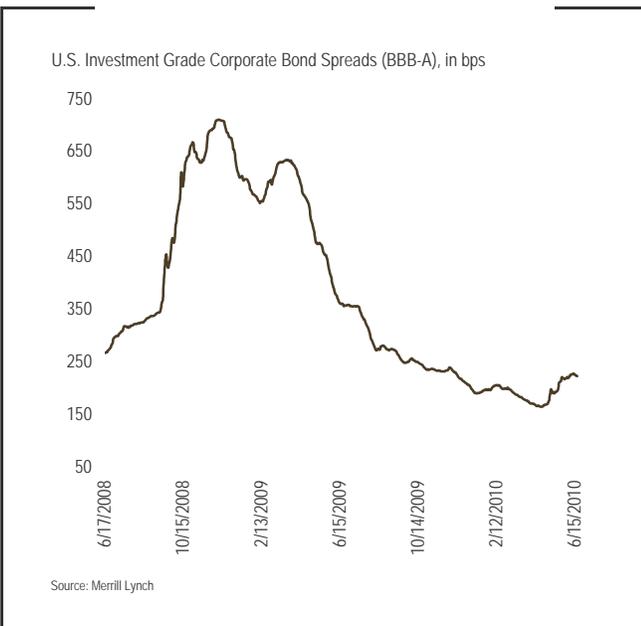
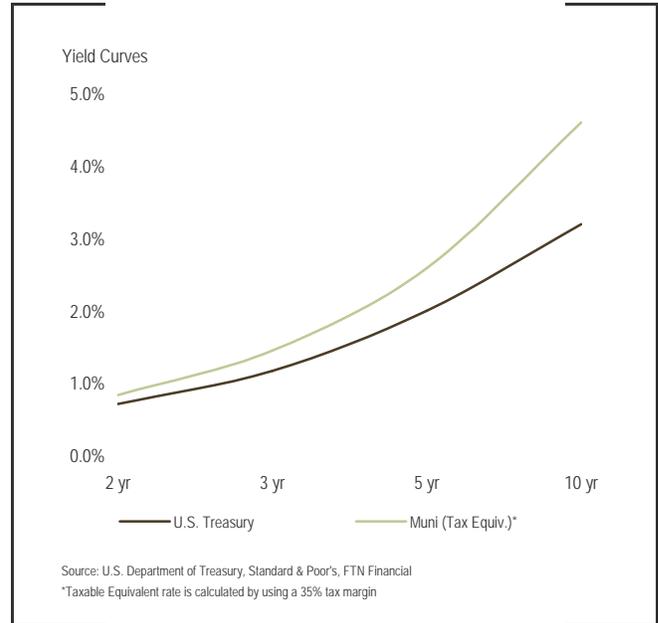
June 15 th	ICSC-Goldman Same Store Sales, Wkly. Chg.	-0.7%
June 15 th	Empire State Mfg Survey, June	19.57
June 15 th	Import Prices, May Monthly Chg.	-0.6%
June 15 th	Export Prices, May Monthly Chg.	0.7%
June 15 th	Frgn Dmnd for LT US Securities, April	83.0B
June 15 th	Housing Market Index, June	17.0
June 16 th	MBA Purchase Applications Index, Wkly. Chg.	7.3%
June 16 th	Housing Starts, May	593,000
June 16 th	Producer Price Index, May Monthly Chg.	-0.3%
June 16 th	Industrial Production, May Monthly Chg.	1.2%
June 16 th	EIA Petroleum Status Report, Wkly. Chg.	1.7M Barrels
June 17 th	Consumer Price Index, May Monthly Chg.	-0.2%
June 17 th	Initial Jobless Claims (Week ending 6/12)	472,000
June 17 th	Leading Indicators, May Monthly Chg.	0.4%
June 17 th	EIA Natural Gas Report, Wkly. Chg.	87 bcf
June 17 th	ICSC-Goldman Same Store Sales, Wkly. Chg.	-1.8%

Bond Market Update

U.S. Treasuries finished the week higher amid speculation that subdued inflation reports will influence the Federal Reserve to keep interest rates low, supporting demand for government securities. All else equal, low inflation levels increase the appeal of Treasuries as real return expectations rise. The spread, or difference in yield, between 10-year TIPS and similar maturity government bonds fell to 2.01%, down from 2.41% at the beginning of the year. Other factors driving the market higher include weaker-than-forecast industry and employment reports, which have strategists now focusing on the likelihood of a double-dip recession in the second half of the year. Meanwhile, Moody's and Fitch downgraded their ratings on the state of Illinois municipal bonds, citing the lack of political will to deal with budget deficit issues. Moody's Investor Service rates Illinois at "A1", the lowest rating for states evaluated by the company. According to Bloomberg, legislators in Illinois passed a provisional \$25.9 billion fiscal 2011 spending plan that would result in a \$13 billion deficit and are resisting Governor Pat Quinn's proposed \$3.7 billion debt sale to make a pension payment and help close the shortfall gap. Lawmakers recessed last month without providing the means to cover pension obligations and pay \$4.5 billion in other bills. While the likelihood of a bond default remains extremely low, we recommend that investors avoid obligations of the state given still attractive opportunities in other areas of the municipal market.

Issue	6.11.10	6.18.10	Change
3 month T-Bill	0.10%	0.09%	-0.01%
2-Year Treasury	0.79%	0.72%	-0.07%
5-Year Treasury	2.12%	2.01%	-0.11%
10-Year Treasury	3.33%	3.21%	-0.12%
30-Year Treasury	4.25%	4.13%	-0.12%

Source: Bloomberg, FTN Financial, The Wall Street Journal, U.S. Department of Treasury.



Stock Market Update

Domestic markets weathered choppy trading on Friday to conclude their second week of gains in a row, continuing to bounce off the six-week slide that took the S&P 500 index down nearly 14%. Increased volatility on Friday can be attributed to investors contending with the quarterly quadruple options expiration, an event where individual stock futures and options and stock index futures and options are all simultaneously expiring. The effects of the event were dampened by a lack of corporate or economic news to drive market movements. The S&P 500, NASDAQ Composite Index, and Dow Jones Industrial Average finished the week up 2.37%, 2.95%, and 2.35%, respectively.

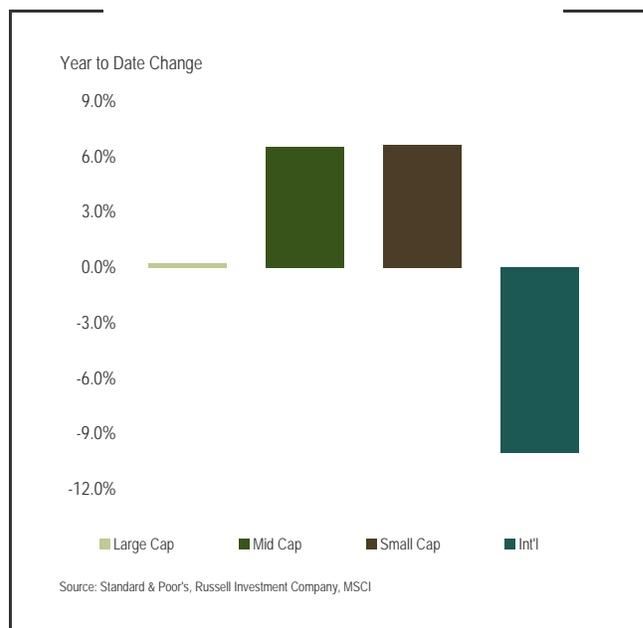
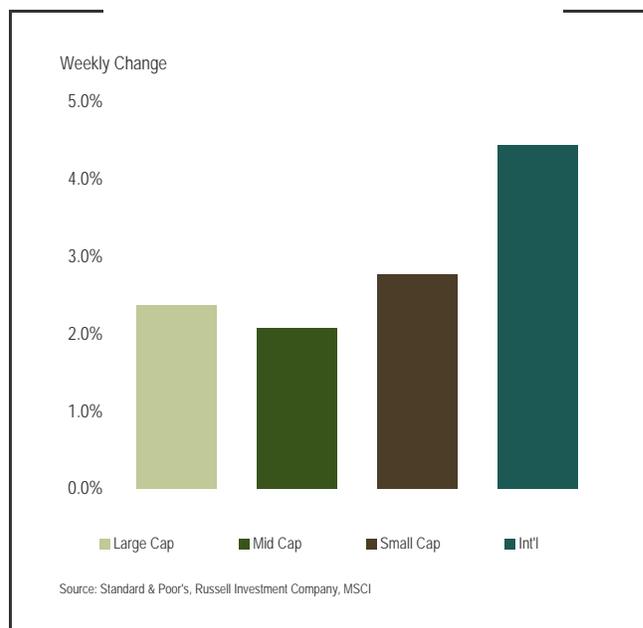
Walgreen Company (WAG) and CVS Caremark Corporation (CVS) announced on Friday that they had settled a dispute that threatened a relationship worth billions of dollars. Early last week, Walgreen announced that it would end its agreement to fill prescriptions for members of the CVS Caremark drug plan, claiming that CVS was attempting to divert customers to its own stores and was providing inadequate reimbursement rates. CVS responded by threatening to drop Walgreen from its network as early as July 9th. The market responded favorably to the settlement, with Walgreens and CVS jumping 2.07% and 1.09% in trading Friday, respectively.

Cisco Systems, Inc. (CSCO) increased 2.53% this week after signing an agreement with Tencent Holdings, the largest internet service provider in China. Cisco, the world's largest manufacturer of networking equipment, will collaborate with Tencent to advance unified communications in the China Market by developing communication services for corporate clients.

Caterpillar Inc. (CAT) enjoyed an impressive 9.33% gain this week after reporting strong machine sales in Asia, boasting a 38% year-over-year increase for May. The report also showed strong sales in the North American region, up 15%, and some weakness in the company's Europe, Africa, and Middle East regions, down 8%.

Issue	6.11.10	6.18.10	Change
Dow Jones	10,211.07	10,450.64	2.35%
S&P 500	1,091.60	1,117.51	2.37%
NASDAQ	2,243.60	2,309.80	2.95%
Russell 1000 Growth	486.73	498.26	2.37%
S&P MidCap 400	758.57	774.27	2.07%
Russell 2000	649	666.92	2.76%
MSCI EAFE	1,354.77	1,414.82	4.43%
MSCI EM	906.98	947.20	4.44%
MSCI Small Cap	130.52	135.93	4.15%

Prices reflect most recent data available at the time of publication
Source: Bloomberg, Russell Investment Company, Standard & Poor's, Morgan Stanley Capital International, The Wall Street Journal, MarketWatch.



Alternative Investments Market Update

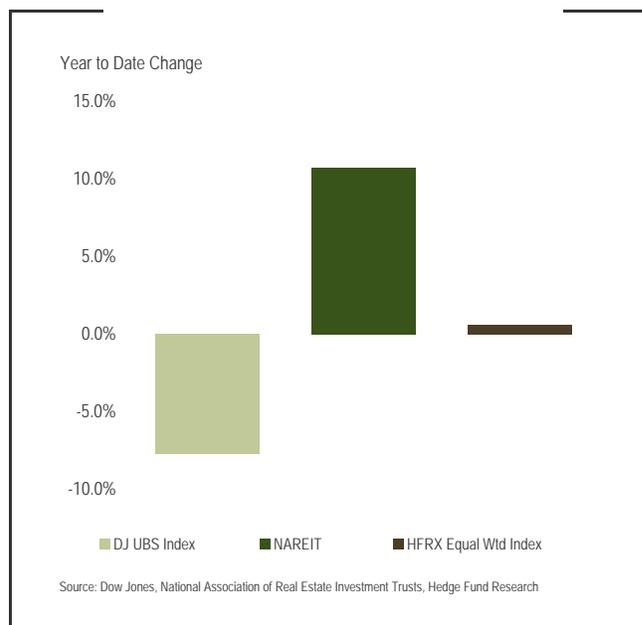
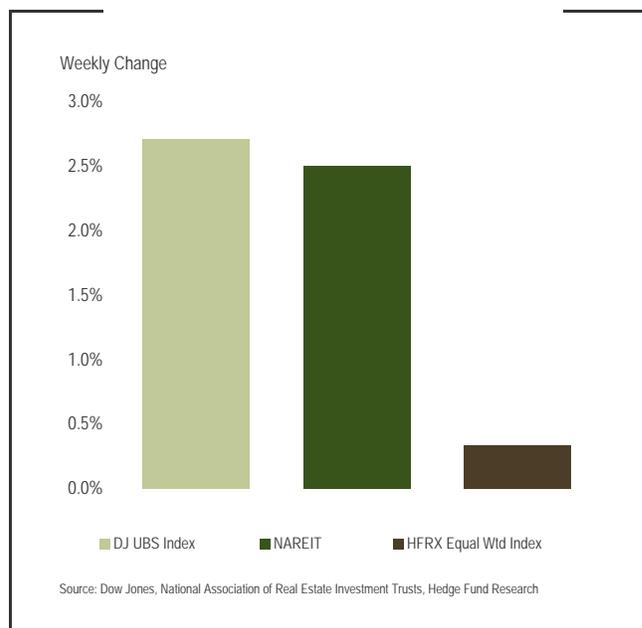
This week, the Producer Price Index and Consumer Price Index readings were negative, indicating disinflation in the prior month. Despite the news of disinflation, gold and copper continued to move higher. Copper has nearly recovered all of the loss it experienced since the “Flash Crash” in early May. The most actively traded gold contract, August, reached new contract highs late in the week, rising to \$1,248 per ounce on Thursday and then reaching another new high of \$1,260 at the onset of trade Friday before closing the week at \$1,259. Commodity traders feel that the recent gold buying stems from concerns over the European debt contagion—gold buying by Europeans has also pushed gold to record high prices in Euros as well.

Returns for private equity funds are often categorized by the year of funding, termed the vintage year. A story in Bloomberg Businessweek noted that Fortress Investment’s vintage year 2005 fund has \$5 billion unrealized losses, a 36% decline. Also noted were results of Blackstone’s and KKR’s vintage 2005 funds which posted smaller declines, \$861 million and \$708 million respectively.

The performance of tomatoes in recent months demonstrates that agricultural commodities can be extremely responsive to the weather. A freeze in January decimated Florida tomato crops, which were subsequently replanted. The harvest of those late arriving Florida tomatoes is now coinciding with a regular harvest of California tomatoes. The U.S. Agricultural Department has estimated that wholesale tomato prices have declined 78% since March. Though farmers may struggle with low prices, food banks are expected to receive larger donations.

Issue	Previous Week	Current ¹	Change
Gold	1,228.20	1,256.90	2.34%
Crude Oil Futures	74.26	77.43	4.27%
Copper	293.00	290.70	-0.78%
Sugar	15.84	15.38	-2.90%
HFRX Equal Wtd. Strat. Index	1,114.79	1,118.52	0.33%
HFRX Equity Hedge Index	1,096.76	1,113.94	1.57%
HFRX Equity Market Neutral	1,003.52	1,010.97	0.74%
HFRX Event Driven	1,334.44	1,341.89	0.56%
HFRX Merger Arbitrage	1,443.12	1,458.90	1.09%
Dow Jones UBS Commodity Index	125.06	128.45	2.71%
FTSE/NAREIT All REIT	121.37	124.40	2.50%

¹ Prices reflect most recent data available at the time of publication
Source: Dow Jones, National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts, Hedge Fund Research, Bloomberg, The Wall Street Journal, The International Monetary Fund.



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